

Namn: _____ Poäng: _____ Nivå : _____

Adress: _____ Tel: _____

Complete the sentence by choosing the BEST answer.

Example:

Anne isn't here today: she's to London.

A went B gone C been D go

You choose: B

[] 1 I plan to buy a few things.

A Are you going to go buy milk?

B Will you buy milk?

C You are buying milk?

D Are you going to buy milk?

[] 2 Jim lives in Spain,

A doesn't he?

B isn't he?

C is he?

D lives he?

[] 3 Every morning the baby cries for his breakfast he wakes up.

A now that

B until

C as soon as

D before

[] 4 I am very in the information you have given me.

A interesting

B interested

C concerned

D concerning

[] 5 If you have a washing machine, you spend all day washing clothes.

A have to

B don't have to

C must

D mustn't

[] 6 The questions in this test are concerned with use of correct English.

A -

B a

C the

D an

[] 7 you pay the supplement they want, they won't give us the tickets.

A Unless

B In case

C If

D If not

- [] 8 I went to a party my friend's house.
A inside B by C at D to
- [] 9 "How was the movie?" "Not very good. I during most of it."
A was boring
B was feeling boring
C was bored
D was such bored
- [] 10 Never carry a lot of money on you because you lose it.
A would B ought to C might D should
- [] 11 Nobody believed her but she turned out
- A to being correct.
B be correct.
C being correct.
D to be correct.
- [] 12 That question was easy to answer. answered by a ten year old.
A It would be
B It could have been
C It might to be
D It was to have been
- [] 13 Do you feel better? Yes, I just the flu.
A got across B got by C got through D got over
- [] 14 Who's ringing the doorbell? the postman.
A There's B It's C He's D This is
- [] 15 That man is a millionaire. he's not very happy.
A In spite of this
B Above all
C In case of this
D Alternatively

- [] 16 I predict that by the year 2,000, Los Angeles
- A will hit an earthquake.
B will have hit an earthquake.
C will be hitting by an earthquake.
D will have been hit by an earthquake.
- [] 17 I can't stay.
- A I must to leave.
B I can must leave.
C I have got to leave.
D I leave.
- [] 18 All of the houses I saw had a garden,
- A whereas none of the apartments had one.
B but not the apartments hadn't one.
C however, not the apartments had one.
D whilst hadn't any of the apartments one.
- [] 19 The train when I got to the station.
- A already left
B has just been left
C had already left
D has just left
- [] 20 I lost too much gambling last time, so you won't me to play again.
- A encourage B convince C persuade D impress
- [] 21 It's my wife's birthday tomorrow and we a party.
- A are having B will have had C will have D have

Write ONE word only to complete the sentence.

Example: Is a bank near here?

You write: *there*

- [] 22 Mary: I'd like some more tea.
John: I'm sorry, there isn't
- [] 23 A: car is that?
B: It's John's.

- [] 24 He is afraid you.
- [] 25 Tim: You walked home? Why didn't you catch a bus?
Paul: Because I to take any money.
- [] 26 It's a lovely day, you think?
- [] 27 You look a bit cold. I close the window?
- [] 28 Come and visit me! And your friend with you.
- [] 29 That man wife you were rude to is a professor.
- [] 30 If this dreadful rain would stop!
- [] 31 When shall we go? What Saturday?

Complete the sentence with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: My brother on a farm. (WORK)

You write: *works*

- [] 32 Look at that! You her favourite cup! (BREAK)
- [] 33 He realised he had no cigarettes, so he stopped some. (BUY)
- [] 34 I'll come and see you before I for America. (LEAVE)
- [] 35 I dislike bacon for breakfast. (EAT)
- [] 36 I heard a noise, turned round, and saw a young man away. (RUN)
- [] 37 If you had gone to the meeting, you her. (SEE)
- [] 38 Before his clothes he had a bath. (CHANGE)
- [] 39 He apologised for the glass. (BREAK)
- [] 40 "Has that letter yet?" Mr Johnson asked. (SEND)

Complete each sentence with one item from those given below. Use each item once only.

Example: John *gets up* early in the morning.

He *goes off* to work on the bus.

He *gets off* early on Fridays.

He *sits up* late watching TV.

goes off / sits up / gets off / gets up

[] 41 We have nothing in common so we don't get
It's not fair. He always gets doing the washing up.
We got page 73 last lesson.
He got the operation very quickly.
out of / on / over / up to

[] 42 I hope you your paintings.
I wish you mine too.
If only I a couple yesterday.
Last year I five. This year is terrible!
sell / sold / had sold / could sell

[] 43 The dress is too big. We'll have to take it
John takes his father. They are both lazy.
The plane took an hour late.
Alice drove for five hours, then Alex took
in / over / after / off

[] 44 The book was hard to read. I had to look lots of words.
The police are looking his mysterious disappearance.
I'll look your suitcase while you buy a paper.
Everyone looks the Director. He is always very fair.
up / into / after / up to

[] 45 A: My lodger plays the bagpipes! I stand it!
B: You have been crazy to take him in.
A: You say that, of course. But I had no idea!
B: Really? Well, he have told you!
might / would / can't / must

Complete the sentence by choosing the BEST answer. Only one answer is correct.

Example:

Anne isn't here today: she's to London.

A went B gone C been D go

You choose: B

[] 46 I was told the news yesterday. I appreciate that. I appreciate.....the news.

- A having told
- B having been told
- C telling
- D have being told

[] 47 Peter come home yet?

- A Doesn't
- B Wasn't
- C Isn't
- D Hasn't

[] 48 I can't make that decision., I'd seek help.

- A Were I you
- B Had I been you
- C If I'd had you
- D If I would be you

[] 49 Is your

- A daughter beautiful little?
- B little daughter beautiful?
- C little beautiful daughter?
- D beautiful little daughter?

[] 50 I've been looking for this book for months and I've found it.

- A in time
- B at last
- C at the end
- D at least

[] 51 This theory hasn't been accepted by the public.

- A Whereas some scientists have doubts about it.
- B Although some scientists have doubts about it.
- C However, some scientists have doubts about it.
- D Furthermore, some scientists have doubts about it.

[] 52 In order to be action should be taken at once.

- A actual
- B official
- C ineffectual
- D effective

- [] 53 The workman who went home early finished the job.
A have not maybe B may have not C maybe not D may not have
- [] 54 Some people may have more difficulty than others languages.
A in learning B of learning C to learn D at learning
- [] 55 "The grass is very wet." "Yes,"
A it rains all morning."
B it had been raining all morning."
C it's going to rain all morning."
D it's been raining all morning."
- [] 56 "You are expected to be there at noon" the boss told Mark. He said Mark.....
A was to be there at noon.
B must have been there at noon.
C might have been there at noon.
D was going to be there at noon.
- [] 57 I can hear a tap somewhere.
A dripping B splitting C dribbling D patting
- [] 58 By 12 o'clock, many people are wishing it lunchtime.
A is B will be C had been D was
- [] 59 The politician the accusation as a bare-faced lie.
A complained B refused C denounced D explained
- [] 60 The trainer suggested to the footballer a little harder.
A to try B at trying C his trying D that he try

Write ONE word only to complete the sentence.

Example: Is a bank near here?

You write: *there*

- [] 61 He won the race, was to be expected.
- [] 62 She's on a diet: she's eaten hardly
since Saturday.

- [] 63 Let's be specific, we?
- [] 64 After a long walk he in finding a telephone.
- [] 65 I don't understand you. What are you getting ?
- [] 66 The murderer couldn't be found: he disappeared without
- [] 67 a bus comes soon, we won't be able to have a drink before the film.
- [] 68 I don't want Mary to get the job, because I whether she can do it.
- [] 69 Ask John to help her. He listen to anyone in trouble.
- [] 70 That was rather a bad decision, you say?

Complete the sentence with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: My brother on a farm. (WORK)

You write: *works*

- [] 71 Before the door, he shut all the windows. (LOCK)
- [] 72 Milk used to only in glass bottles. (SELL)
- [] 73 I would have helped if he me. (ASK)
- [] 74 A: What's the problem?
B: No problem. I lost my keys but now I them again. (FIND)
- [] 75 Later that day she discovered that her purse (STEAL)
- [] 76 They the problem for two years when they finally made a vital discovery. (STUDY)
- [] 77 I've been working for six years and in that time I four jobs. (HAVE)
- [] 78 I regret not last month's exam. (TAKE)
- [] 79 By the time you get to London, the sun (SHINE)
- [] 80 It's time you training seriously. (BEGIN)



1 D: Are you going to buy milk?
Or
B: Will you buy milk?

2 A: doesn't he?

3 C: as soon as

4 B: interested

5 B: don't have to

6 C: the

7 A: Unless

8 C: at

9 C: was bored

10 C: might

11 D: to be correct.

12 B: It could have been

13 D: got over

14 B: It's

15 A: In spite of this

16 D: will have been hit by an
earthquake.

17 C: I have got to leave.

18 A: whereas none of the
apartments had one.

19 C: had already left

20 C: persuade

21 A: are having
or
C: will have

22 enough
any

23 Whose

24 for / of

Poäng	Europarådets nivåskala
1-16	Nivån ej uppnådd
17-21	A2+
22-37	B1
38-51	B1+
52-60	B2
61-64	B2+
65-80	Nästa nivå uppnådd

25 forgot

26 don't

27 shall

28 bring

29 whose

30 only

31 about

32 have broken
've broken

33 to buy
and bought

34 leave

35 eating

36 run / **running**

37 would have seen
could have seen
might have seen

38 **changing**
he **changed**

39 breaking
his breaking
his having broken
having broken

40 been sent

41 on / out of / up to / over /

42 sell / could sell / had sold /
sold /

ENGELSKA NIVÅTEST (1) FACIT
Medel / Avancerad

Sid 2(2)

-
- | | | | |
|----|--|----|--|
| 43 | in / after / off / over / | 62 | anything |
| 44 | up / into / after / up to / | 63 | shall |
| 45 | can't / must / would / might / | 64 | succeeded |
| 46 | B: having been told | 65 | at |
| 47 | D: Hasn't | 66 | trace |
| 48 | A: Were I you | 67 | Unless |
| 49 | B: little daughter beautiful? | 68 | doubt |
| 50 | B: at last | 69 | will |
| 51 | D: Furthermore, some scientists
have doubts about it. | 70 | wouldn't |
| 52 | D: effective | 71 | locking
he locked |
| 53 | D: may not have | 72 | be sold |
| 54 | A: in learning | 73 | had asked |
| 55 | D: it's been raining all
morning." | 74 | 've found
have found |
| 56 | A: was to be there at noon. | 75 | had been stolen |
| 57 | A: dripping | 76 | had studied
had been studying |
| 58 | D: was | 77 | have had
've had |
| 59 | C: denounced | 78 | taking / having taken |
| 60 | D: that he try | 79 | should be shining
might be shining
will be shining |
| 61 | which / as | 80 | began |